Given a **(0-indexed)** integer array nums and two integers low and high, return *the number of* ***nice pairs***.

A **nice pair** is a pair (i, j) where 0 <= i < j < nums.length and low <= (nums[i] XOR nums[j]) <= high.

**Example 1:**

Input: nums = [1,4,2,7], low = 2, high = 6  
Output: 6  
Explanation: All nice pairs (i, j) are as follows:  
 - (0, 1): nums[0] XOR nums[1] = 5   
 - (0, 2): nums[0] XOR nums[2] = 3  
 - (0, 3): nums[0] XOR nums[3] = 6  
 - (1, 2): nums[1] XOR nums[2] = 6  
 - (1, 3): nums[1] XOR nums[3] = 3  
 - (2, 3): nums[2] XOR nums[3] = 5

**Example 2:**

Input: nums = [9,8,4,2,1], low = 5, high = 14  
Output: 8  
Explanation: All nice pairs (i, j) are as follows:  
​​​​​ - (0, 2): nums[0] XOR nums[2] = 13  
  - (0, 3): nums[0] XOR nums[3] = 11  
  - (0, 4): nums[0] XOR nums[4] = 8  
  - (1, 2): nums[1] XOR nums[2] = 12  
  - (1, 3): nums[1] XOR nums[3] = 10  
  - (1, 4): nums[1] XOR nums[4] = 9  
  - (2, 3): nums[2] XOR nums[3] = 6  
  - (2, 4): nums[2] XOR nums[4] = 5

**Constraints:**

* 1 <= nums.length <= 2 \* 104
* 1 <= nums[i] <= 2 \* 104
* 1 <= low <= high <= 2 \* 104